

2005/SOM2/CPDG/006

Agenda Item: 6

Main Features on the Newly Amended Antimonopoly Act

Purpose: Information Submitted by: Japan



Competition Policy and Deregulation Group Jeju, Korea 24 May 2005 Figure1

Main Features of the Newly Amended Antimonopoly Act

O Increase of surcharge rates

- Manufactures, etc.: Large-sized enterprises: 6%→10% of affected sales
 Small and Medium-sized enterprises: 3%→4% of affected sales.
- The applicable rates for Wholesalers and Retailers are specially set.
- Imposing 50% higher rate of surcharge on repeat offender enterprises.
- Enlarging the range of conducts subject to surcharges. (ex. private monopolization through control of other firms)
- Introduction of an adjustment clause (Half of the amount of fines shall be deducted from the surcharges if violating firm is subject to both a fine and also a surcharge.).

O Introduction of a leniency program

• Immunity from or reduction in surcharge payment shall be afforded to first, second and third informants

Before the start of investigation; 100% immunity to the first informant

50% reduction to the second informant

30% reduction to the third informant

After the start of investigation; 30% reduction as to first, second and third informants

O Introduction of compulsory powers for criminal investigations, etc.

- Introduction of compulsory powers for criminal investigations (e.g. search warrant).
- Abolishment of the exclusive jurisdiction of the Tokyo High Court for criminal matters.
- Introduction of severe punishment for corporations that violate of elimination orders.
- Strengthening of penalties for interference with inspections, etc.

O Change in procedures, etc.

- The JFTC can issue elimination orders without having hearing procedures.
- Hearing procedures shall be started upon objection to the elimination order (Recommendation system was abolished.).
- Surcharge order not to be canceled even when hearing procedures are initiated (interest shall be added to the amount of surcharges when the order is authorized after hearing procedures begin.).

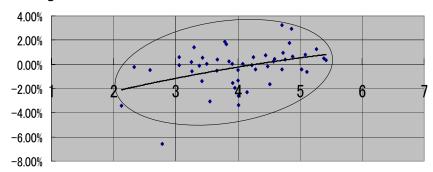
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Figure 2

Relationship between Competition Policy and Macro Economy (The World Bank)

"Does More Intense Competition Lead to Higher Growth?" Mark A Dutz, Aydin Hayri, 1998.

economic growth rate



degree of competition enhancement

3

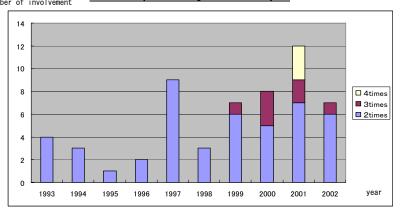
Figure 3

Number of cases where firms have repeatedly violated in Japan and EU

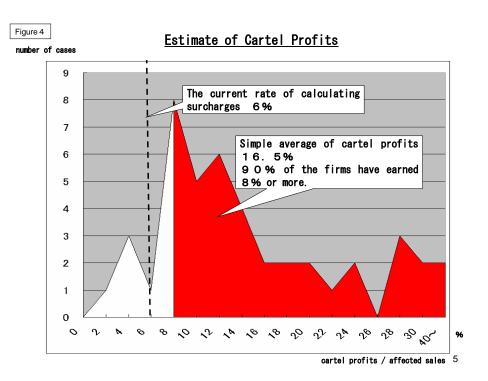
	Japan	EU
Total number of cases (A)	205	94
Number of cases where firms have repeatedly violated (B)	21	3
Percentage of cases involving repeat offenders (B)/(A)	10. 2%	3. 2%

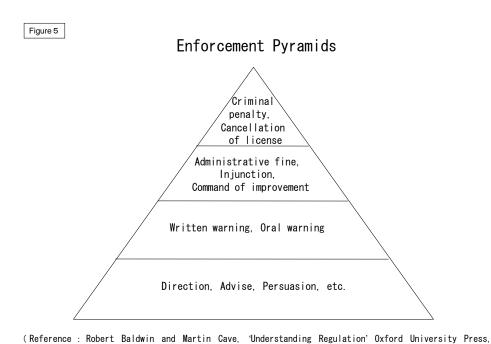
Footnote: table covers the years form 1993 to 2002.

 $\frac{\text{Number of firms that have repeatedly violated}}{\text{number of involvement}} \quad \underline{\text{in the past 10 years in Japan}}$



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1999.)

Figure 6

<u>Criminal Penalty or Surcharge would be Imposed on Violating Firms</u>

Enforcement Systems for violations of law in Japan

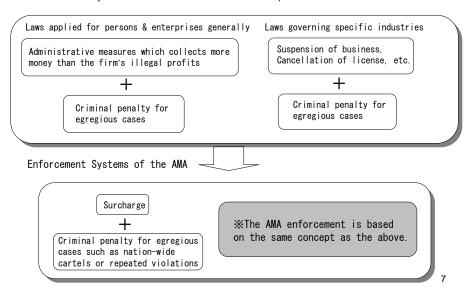
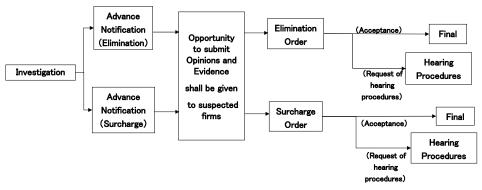


Figure 7 Investigation and Hearing procedures in revised AMA



[Reference : Current provision]

